

## IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### Listing of Claims:

---

1. (Currently Amended) A method for detecting and processing attacks on a computer network, comprising:

~~receiving data indicating an attack may be taking place;~~

~~placing the data in a queue of data to be processed; and~~

~~processing the data in the queue.~~

receiving a plurality of successive sets of data each set each set being associated with a corresponding security event associated with the computer network;

placing each set of data in a selected one of a plurality of queues based at least in part on a queue selection algorithm by which sets of data associated with related security events are grouped into the same queue while sets of data associated with unrelated security events are spread across different queues; and

processing the sets of data by:

(1) selecting for processing a first set of data from a first queue;

(2) selecting for processing a next set of data from a next queue in order that contains a set of data; and

(3) repeating step (2) until no queue contains a set of data that has not yet been selected for processing;

whereby a critical set of data associated with a critical security event is timely selected for processing even under circumstances in which numerous sets of data associated with a

corresponding set of security events that are related to each other but not to the critical security event are received prior to the critical set of data being received.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of processing includes determining the responsive action to be taken.
3. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of processing includes taking action in response to the data.
4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising sending an alert concerning the data to a recipient in the administrative domain in which the data was received.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the alert comprises an e-mail message to an individual.
6. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the alert comprises activating a pager.
7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the data is received at a first system and further comprising sharing information concerning the data with a second system in the same administrative domain as the first system.
8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising sending via a trusted third party a handoff message comprising information concerning the data to an administrative domain other than the administrative domain in which the data was received.
9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the handoff message is sent directly to the other administrative domain.
10. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the handoff message is sent to the other administrative domain via a trusted third party.
11. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the handoff message is generated and sent automatically, without human intervention.

12. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising scanning data arriving on at least one port.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the at least one port is a switch port and the scanning comprises copying the data passing the at least one port to a copy port associated with the switch.

14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the scanning further comprises dynamically changing the port being scanned.

15. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the scanning comprises sending a network management protocol request.

16. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the scanning comprises searching the data passing the at least one port for a string.

17. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the scanning comprises searching the data passing the at least one port for a type of message.

18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the scanning comprises searching the data passing the at least one port for an attempt to access a service identified as ~~known to be~~ vulnerable to attack.

19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the service is the telnet service.

20. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising classifying the data.

21. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising classifying the data by type of attack.

22. (Canceled)

23. (Canceled)

24. (Canceled)

25. (Canceled)

26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim ~~25~~1, wherein the plurality of queues is organized into a table of queues having at least one row and at least one column.

27. (Original) The method of claim 26, wherein the table has R rows and C columns and the selected queue is determined by calculating a row address equal to the modulus R of a first quantity associated with the data and a column address equal to the modulus C of a second quantity associated with the data.

28. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27, wherein the first quantity is a hash value of ~~the~~ a message containing the data.

29. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27, wherein the second quantity is a hash value of the source address of ~~the~~ a message containing the data.

30. (Canceled)

31. (Currently Amended) The method of claim ~~23~~1, further comprising associating an security event with at least one other security event to which it is related.

32. (Currently Amended) The method of claim ~~23~~1, wherein a first security event is associated with a second security event if the first security event and second security event are associated with the same message.

33. (Currently Amended) The method of claim ~~23~~1, wherein a first security event is associated with a second security event if the first security event and second security event are associated with the same sub-network and the security event rate for that sub-network exceeds a statistically determined baseline security event rate for the sub-network.

34. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the processing includes identifying the source of an attack.

35. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the processing includes tracking messages associated with an attack back to identify a point of attack at which messages associated with the attack are entering the network.

36. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the tracking comprises:

providing a network topology map, the map including information concerning the devices that comprise the network and the ports associated with each respective device;

scanning the ports of a first device for messages associated with the attack, wherein the first device is the device from which the data associated with the attack was first received; and

identifying a first port in the first device as the port at which at least one message associated with the attack was received by the first device.

37. (Original) The method of claim 36, wherein the tracking further comprises:

determining whether the first port is an external connection to another administrative domain;

in the event that the first port is an external connection, identifying the first port as the point of attack; and

in the event that the first port is not an external connection:

identifying a second device to which the first device is connected via the first port;

scanning the ports of the second device for messages associated with the attack; and

identifying a second port in the second device as the port at which at least one message associated with the attack was received by the second device.

38. (Original) The method of claim 37, wherein successive iterations of the steps recited in claim 37 are repeated until a port is identified as the point of attack.

39. (Canceled)

40. (Canceled)

41. (Currently Amended) A system for detecting and processing attacks on a computer network, comprising:

~~a computer associated with the network and configured to receive data indicating an attack may be taking place, place the data in a queue of data to be processed, and process the data in the queue; and~~

~~a database associated with the computer and configured to store data associated with suspected attacks.~~

a processor configured to:

receive a plurality of successive sets of data each set each set being associated with a corresponding security event associated with the computer network;

place each set of data in a selected one of a plurality of queues based at least in part on a queue selection algorithm by which sets of data associated with related security events are grouped into the same queue while sets of data associated with unrelated security events are spread across different queues; and

process the sets of data by:

(1) selecting for processing a first set of data from a first queue;

(2) selecting for processing a next set of data from a next queue in order that contains a set of data; and

(3) repeating step (2) until no queue contains a set of data that has not yet been selected for processing; and

a memory associated with the processor and configured to store said plurality of successive sets of data and in said plurality of queues;

whereby a critical set of data associated with a critical security event is timely selected for processing even under circumstances in which numerous sets of data associated with a corresponding set of security events that are related to each other but not to the critical security event are received prior to the critical set of data being received.

42. (Currently Amended) A system for detecting and processing attacks on a computer network, comprising:

~~means for receiving data indicating an attack may be taking place;~~

~~means for placing the data in a queue of data to be processed; and~~

~~means for processing the data in the queue.~~

means for receiving a plurality of successive sets of data each set each set being associated with a corresponding security event associated with the computer network;

means for placing each set of data in a selected one of a plurality of queues based at least in part on a queue selection algorithm by which sets of data associated with related security events are grouped into the same queue while sets of data associated with unrelated security events are spread across different queues; and

means for processing the sets of data by:

(1) selecting for processing a first set of data from a first queue;

(2) selecting for processing a next set of data from a next queue in order that contains a set of data; and

(3) repeating step (2) until no queue contains a set of data that has not yet been selected for processing;

whereby a critical set of data associated with a critical security event is timely selected for processing even under circumstances in which numerous sets of data associated with a corresponding set of security events that are related to each other but not to the critical security event are received prior to the critical set of data being received.

43. (Currently Amended) A computer program product for detecting and processing attacks on a computer network, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable medium and comprising computer instructions for:

~~receiving data indicating an attack may be taking place;~~

~~placing the data in a queue of data to be processed; and~~

~~processing the data in the queue.~~

Q6 receiving a plurality of successive sets of data each set each set being associated with a corresponding security event associated with the computer network;

placing each set of data in a selected one of a plurality of queues based at least in part on a queue selection algorithm by which sets of data associated with related security events are grouped into the same queue while sets of data associated with unrelated security events are spread across different queues; and

processing the sets of data by:

(1) selecting for processing a first set of data from a first queue;

(2) selecting for processing a next set of data from a next queue in order that contains a set of data; and

(3) repeating step (2) until no queue contains a set of data that has not yet been selected for processing;

whereby a critical set of data associated with a critical security event is timely selected for processing even under circumstances in which numerous sets of data associated with a



ab corresponding set of security events that are related to each other but not to the critical security event are received prior to the critical set of data being received.

---